USING ELECTROCHEMICAL IMPEDANCE SPECTROSCOPY TO INVESTIGATE ALKALI-METAL ION ABSORPTION INTO GLUCOSE DERIVED HARD CARBON BATTERY ANODES

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Sodium and potassium-ion batteries have attracted great deal of attention due to sodium's abundance and lower price compared to lithium and cobalt. A major obstacle that prevents sodium-ion batteries going to a mass-scale is the negative electrode (anode during discharge). Graphite is currently the safest negative electrode material for lithium-ion batteries, but does not intercalate sodium reversibly, because sodium ions prefer prismatic or octahedral coordination sites [1].

Our previous work [2] focused on the synthesis and electrochemical characterization of glucosederived hard carbon negative electrodes for sodium-ion batteries. The results inspired us to conduct a more detailed impedance study of the electrode processes.

Hard carbons have shown to absorb/insert and desorb/de-insert sodium reversibly [2,3]. However, the exact mechanism is difficult to understand without detailed studies, which apply different physical and electrochemical methods. Therefore, electrochemical impedance analysis with equivalent circuit fitting was conducted to analyse surface processes at various potentials. ICP-MS, SEM-EDS and TOF-SIMS confirmed alkali-metal absorption in the carbon structure.

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