

# A NOVEL ROUTE FOR THE PREPARATION OF TiB<sub>2</sub>/TiN COMPOSITES BY SELECTIVE LASER SINTERING

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TiB<sub>2</sub>/TiN composites are important technological materials due to the excellent high temperature oxidation and plastic deformation resistance of TiB<sub>2</sub>, high melting points and extreme hardness of both TiN and TiB<sub>2</sub> phases [1]. Selective laser sintering (SLS) as one of rapid growing additive manufacturing (AM) methods is a promising technology to fabricate customize designed both geometrically and functionally complex structures [2]. However, direct sintering of TiB<sub>2</sub> based ceramic composites by SLS is limited by the low absorption of electron beam energy and poor thermal shock resistance. In this work, a new strategy is proposed for the synthesis of TiB<sub>2</sub>/TiN lattice with tailored physical properties and desired architecture of the ceramic parts.

Preliminary, TiB<sub>2</sub>/Ti powder with certain particle size and distribution was prepared using high-energy ball milling technique. By the next step, powder was subjected to SLS to obtain 3D shape of TiB<sub>2</sub>/Ti compact. Nitridation of the consolidated samples in nitrogen atmosphere was performed aimed at obtaining of TiB<sub>2</sub>/TiN lattice with geometriacly defined porosity.

The influence of milling, sintering and nitridation conditions on the characteristics of both the powder and sintered parts was investigated; set of parameters has been adjusted and optimized. Phase composition and microstructure features were examined after each procedure to reveal the physicochemical transformations and morphology evolution of the composites.

## References

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2. Bertrand, P., Bayle, F., Combe, C., Gœuriot, P., & Smurov, I. (2007). Ceramic components manufacturing by selective laser sintering. *Applied Surface Science*, 254(4), 989-992.

